- 1. Hinge
- 2. Bone to bone
- 3. Aorta
- 4. Alveoli

	(b) Specific example of use in sport
(Cardiovascular fitness)	Marathon running (1)
(Agility)	Dodging /avoiding a tackle (1)
(Balance)	A gymnast doing a handstand (1)

Accept other appropriate responses.

- 6. Decrease in resting heart rate
- 7. An increase in tolerance to lactic acid

8. 5 marks for 5 of: Do not accept: long-term adaptations e.g. stronger heart 1. Increase in heart rate/HR 2 Increase in stroke volume/SV Pt 4 - Blood flows to muscles = TV as need more/increase 3. Increase in cardiac output/Q 4. Increases blood flow/oxygen to (working) muscles More blood to arms/legs = BOD pt. 4 5. directs blood away from other organs **OR less** blood to 6. Increase in blood pressure due to the increase in Lactic acid builds up in muscles – TV Lactic acid produced – TV LA found in the blood – TV demand for oxygen (from the working muscles) Increase in blood lactate/lactic acid/CO₂ because muscles are working 8. Blood temperature increases to help control of body 9. Vascular shunt **OR** vasodilation of blood vessels to muscles OR vasoconstriction of blood vessels to other

9.

3 marks for 3 from:

1 mark for:

Occurs during exercise/occurs when lack of oxygen/during anaerobic exercise.

2 marks for 2 from:

- 1. Causes fatigue/tiredness
- 2. Causes pain/discomfort/soreness/aching
- 3. So more likely to stop or slow down
- 4. Can decrease performance/leads to poor performance/makes you less effective.

Guidance

Do not accept cramp as an effect.

- 10. Sit and reach test
- 11. Training three times a week
- 12. A series of exercises
- 13. The level of satisfaction

	a	0	ne m	ark for:		1	Accept:
		(F	itnes	s) is a person's capacity to carry out activity without			The ability to function effectively / efficiently
		ge	tting	tired/fatigued OR what your body is capable of in sport	1	x (AO1)	
		Ŏ	R be	ing able to cope with the demands of everyday life / sport /			
				environment OR how efficient/effective is your body OR how			
		\perp	\perp	much work you can do before stopping/getting too tired			
15.		b		Two marks for:		2	Do not accept:
13.				Increased likelihood of injury			A decrease in physical fitness, obesity and Type 2
				Increased likelihood of raised blood pressure		2 x (AO1	
				3. More likely to suffer or increase in risk of CHD / heart attack	k /		Increased likelihood of illness (on own)= TV Do not accept heart disease or examples of
				stroke / heart disease			illnesses (on their own) – needs a description e.g.
				4. More likely to suffer or increase risk of respiratory / lung			increase in heart disease
				disease			Do not accept stiffness of joints / lack of mobility /
				5. A decrease in bone density or more likely to suffer bone			not having enough energy (physical fitness in
				disease			question)
				May cause poor posture			Do not accept arthritis
				7. Increase in weight			Accept Osteoporosis (pt 5)
							Accept: Any other described named illness that is a consequence of a sedentary lifestyle.
							consequence of a sederitary illestyle.

16. Three marks from:

- 1. make friends with other members/friendships increased (via exercise)

- 2. feeling of belonging (to a group)
 3. less loneliness experienced
 4. have a common experience (with others) or you can share your experiences (with others)
 5. can lead to other interests/friendships beyond the gym

(c)	Four marks for: 1. Less likely to be injured and therefore less stressed 2. Less likely to be ill or suffer from disease / named illness or feel healthier therefore less stress 3. More likely to control your weight and therefore less likely to be stressed 4. Have better body posture and therefore less stress 5. More likely to be fit and therefore less stressed 6. Activity can release stress busting hormones /endorphins 7. Get rid of excess energy / tension for less stress / relaxes you or can feel a cathartic/frustration/aggression/anger release when exercising and therefore less stressed 8. Can forget stressors or escapism or clear your mind 9. Make you more confident and therefore less stressed 10. Better body image so you feel less stressed about your	4 4 x (AO3)	Responses should refer to ways of managing stress: e.g. lowering / controlling stress or being happier / less anxious / feeling better / relaxes / removes worries etc Do not accept (on its own) managing stress (in question) Accept physical activity may help to control your weight and increase your fitness to make you less stressed = 2 marks
	appearance 11. Using relaxation techniques from yoga classes may lead to less stress/anxiety or exercise releases muscular tension so you feel relaxed 12. Having fun / enjoyment reduces stress or enjoying being with others/friends to reduce stress 13. Winning a game/tournament / good performance can improve self-esteem / reduce stress. 14. Sense of belonging or providing a support network to reduce stress		

Three marks for:		3	Accept any food that is regarded as rich in the
Carbohydrate	Protein Fibre	3 x (AO1)	appropriate dietary component
eg fis	mark for: ch, meat, nuts, oats One mark for: eg Fruit vegetables, wholemeal bread, beans, lentils, cereals, brown bread		

19. Taking in the right amount of energy/right amount of each nutrient/CHO, fat, protein, vitamins, minerals or balancing energy output with energy input or eating the right amount for the amount of energy needed/expended

20. To avoid dehydration

21.

(i)	One mark for:	1	Do not accept:
	Helps digestion / large intestine function properly To reduce cholesterol Limit obesity/diabetes	1 x (AO1)	
	4. Limits certain cancers or helps prevent disease		
(ii)	One mark for:	1	Do not accept:
	Protein	1 x (AO1)	
(iii)	One mark for:	1	Do not accept:
	Energy	1 x (AO1)	
	Two marks for:	2	Do not accept:
	Prevents disease / illness / maintain health	2 x (AO1)	
	(Helps) produce energy		
	 Essential for metabolism or helps for growth/repair/development 		

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22.		Two marks from:	2	Do not accept:
		Using promotional material/media/role models to highlight benefits or to raise awareness Provide specialized/adapted, (activity specific) equipment/facilities such as a hoist in a swimming pool Or to provide more facilities/equipment (that can be used by the disabled) Improve general access such as a wheelchair ramp 4. Provide coaches who specialize in/are qualified for coaching disabled people To provide/improve transport arrangements to be able to access activities Provide subsidised/cheap/free facilities	2 x (AO1)	Single words without description e.g. 'access' Fitness centre posters for Pt 1 = Vg Provide coaching = vg for point 4 Accept: Fitness centre posters that increase awareness = Pt 1 Provide swimming hoist for point 2
23.	(a)	One mark from: Women less likely to participate than men Participation decreases with age Less likely (than men) to participate in (organised) competition Increase in participation in cricket, rugby and football	1 1 x (AO1)	Assessors to check current trends: www.sportengland.org www.gov.uk/government/organisations/department- for-culture-media-sport
	(b)	Two marks for:	2	
		1. (ii)	2 x (AO1)	
		2. (iii)		

Answer	Mark
(AO1 – 2 marks)	
Two marks for identifying any of the factors below preventing participation in sport.	
Any two from:	
Gender / sex / male or femaleSocio-economic group	
DisabilityEthnicity /race /country of origin	(2)

Mark
(4)

uestion umber	Answer (A03 - 1 mark)	Mark
(a)(i)	One mark for analysis of the changing pattern in participation. • There has been a consistent fall in participant rates of 25-34 year olds (1) • The rate of participation for 25-34 year olds has dropped rapidly since 2012. (1) Accept other appropriate responses	(1)

uestion umber	Answer (A03 - 1 mark)	Mark
(a) (ii)	One mark for analysis of the changing pattern in participation.	
	 There has been a consistent rise in participant rates of 35-44 year olds (1) The rate of participation for 35-44 year olds has risen rapidly since 2012. (1) 	(1)
	Accept other appropriate responses	

uestion umber	Answer (A03 - 1 mark)	Mark
(b)	One mark for identification of the upward trend in the participation rates of adults aged 45+	
	 Upwards/up/increase/more (or equivalent) 	(1)
	Accept other appropriate responses	

uestion	Answer	Mark	ı
umber	(A03 – 1 mark)		
(b)	One mark for identification of the upward trend in the participation rates of adults aged 45+		
	Upwards/up/increase/more	(1)	

uestion umber	Answer (A03 - 2 marks)	Mark
(c)	Two marks for any of the following reasons (based on analysis of the graph) why the trend in participation rates of adults aged 45+ in 2022 will continue to rise	
	For example:	
	 There has been a steady increase in participation rates every year since 2002 (1) 	
	 The age group 35-44 some of whom will be in this age group in 2022 also shows an increase so the rise in participation is likely to continue (1) 	(2)
	Accept other appropriate responses	

26. Shaking hands with an opponent

27.

Three marks from:	3	Do not accept single word answers.
before or during performance imagery can improve concentration by blocking out distractions imagery can increase confidence by imagining success or satisfaction/happiness with the performance. before or during performance imagery can help with relaxation/control stress by the participant when they feel anxious / go to 'another place' in their minds to try and calm down.	3 x (AO2)	